



# CHINA

# THE HONGKONG MAIL.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING. AND WITH WHICH IS INCORPORATED THE "HONGKONG EVENING MAIL AND SHIPPING LIST."

Vol. XXIV, No. 1200. 號四十七月一十年八十六百八千一英 HONGKONG, SATURDAY, 14th NOVEMBER, 1866. 日一初月十年辰戊治同 PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

## AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON.—F. ALGAR, 11, Old Street Lane, Lombard Street, GEORGE STREET, 30, Cornhill, GORDON & GORDON, 121, Holborn Hill, E.C. BATES HENDY & Co., 4 Old Street, E.C.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.—GORDON & GORDON, Melbourne and Sydney.

SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports generally.—WHITE & BAUER, San Francisco.

CHINA.—Sutton, DROWN & Co., Amoy, GILES & Co., Foochow, THOMPSON & Co., Shanghai, H. FODD & Co., Manila, C. KARUTH & Co.

## Arrivals.

Nov. 13, Success, Siamese barque, 399, Nohmang, Amoy, Nov. 12, General, Chinese, 17th, 9 a.m.

## Departures.

Nov. 14, Eri King, for Shanghai, 14, Walter, for Bangkok, 14, Joseph Hambro, for Bangkok.

## New Advertisements.

**SAYLE & Co.,**  
VICTORIA EXCHANGE,  
QUEEN'S ROAD.

RESPECTFULLY solicit inspection of their New GOODS, in the following Departments.

**SILKS.**  
Evening Dresses — Velvets.  
**RIBBONS.**  
Lace — Fancy Dresses.  
**HOSIERY.**  
Gloves — Trimmings.  
**HABERDASHERY.**  
Manchester — Prints.  
**MANTLES.**  
Shawls — Jackets.  
**BONNETS.**  
Millinery — Ladies' Outfits.  
**BAVY LINEN.**  
Gentlemen's Hats — Gloves.  
**HOSIERY.**  
Cloths — Tweeds.  
Tailoring in all its Branches.

## PERFUMERY, &c.

Household Linens — Blankets.  
**CARPETS.**

**FURNISHING DRAPERY,**  
Etc., Etc.

P.S.—The Dress-making, Millinery and Tailoring are under the Superintendence of experienced West End hands.

Hongkong, November 12, 1866.

## NOTICE.

THE Fine Steamer "YUNG-HAI-AN," (late Lancelotti) will be sold by Public Auction about the 24th inst., unless previously disposed of by private contract. The Steamer is 227 feet long, by 30 feet beam, with 24 feet depth of hold. She was built in Glasgow of the best iron, and is as sound as when launched. Her engines, by Napier, of 300 horse-power nominal, are in good working order, and she was fitted last year with two new Boilers of an approved pattern. She carries in addition to her Coals, 10,000 pounds dead-weight or 900 tons measurement Goods. She has on deck a handsome Saloon with accommodations for 30 first-class passengers, and with every modern convenience, and comfortable cabins for second-class passengers forward. Her between Decks are lofty and well adapted for the transport of troops or native passengers. For further particulars, apply to **RUSSELL & Co.,** Hongkong, November 11, 1866.

## HAMBURG & BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE CO.

THE Undersigned are now authorized to accept Assurance against Fire at Hongkong, and at any of the open Ports in China, to the increased amount of \$50,000 on one risk.

WM. PUSTAU & Co.,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, November 9, 1866.

**OFFICE OF THE CHINA TRADERS' INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.**  
NOTICE is hereby given that the Register of Shares of the Company will be closed from the 20th day of November to the 5th of December, 1866, (both days included) during which period no transfer of shares shall be registered. By order of the Committee, **AUGUSTINE BEARD & Co.,** General Agents, Hongkong, November 7, 1866.

**Instantaneous PHOTOGRAPHS**  
of the Kegatta, Taken from the S.S. "Olan Alpine."  
**FLOYD & Co.,**  
Hongkong, Nov. 12, 1866.

## New Advertisements.

**73rd REGIMENT THEATRICALS.**  
BAND AMATEUR SOCIETY.

BY the kind permission of Lieut. Colonel G. J. BURNS, The Members of the above will perform at the **THEATRE** **This Evening,** 14th November, 1866.

The original Burlesque Ballet by H. J. DIXON, Esq., **THE DIABLO!**

**BEAUTY AND THE BRIGANDS**  
Lord Allsop, Mr. T. H. BARNARD, Fra Diavolo, the Marquis Di Mr. F. MACKAY, Cranbourne, Mr. W. BORN, Lorenzo, Mr. W. O. A. WHITEHEAD, Beppo, Mr. F. W. BARNETT, Giacomo, Mr. M. CARMICHAEL, Antonio, Mr. W. SNOW, Zedine, Miss LORRAINE MACGILL, Lady Alton, Miss AMY SNOW, To conclude with the Laughable Farce **THE TWO HEADS ARE BETTER THAN ONE.**

Mr. Strange, Mr. W. H. HOVE, Charles Conchion, Mr. T. E. BARNARD, Mr. Maxwellton, Mr. M. GASKIN, the Sammy Maxwellton, Mr. W. O. A. WHITEHEAD, Ellen Stralings, Miss LORRAINE MACGILL, Orchestra by the remainder of the Band.

**PRICES OF ADMISSION.**  
Reserved Seats, \$2.00.  
Front Seats, 1.00.  
Back Seats, 0.20.  
Tickets to be had from the Manager at Murray Barracks, and at the Door of the Theatre on the Night of the Performance. Doors open at half-past 8; Performance to commence at 9 precisely.

Manager, **CONRAD EDWARD WALSH.**  
**VIVAT REGINA.**

**MISS ROSE**  
HAS received per **VOYAGER** a selection of the latest and Children's fashionable **BONNETS** and **HATS**; in Velvet, Terry, Seal, Grebe, Felt, and Straw, trimmed and untrimmed. Also a large quantity of **SHAWLS**, Velvet, Cloth, and Seal-skin **JACKETS**, in great variety.

Plain and Fancy **SILKS**, in the newest designs and colors.  
Real **LACERS**, in Houston, Chantilly, Valenciennes, and Cluny.  
Ladies' French Cambric Trimmed **HANDKERCHIEFS**; Real Imitation, and Hem-stitched **Diets**.  
Ladies' **SUNSHADES**, French **FANS**, **FLOWERS**, **FEATHERS**, **BIRDS**, and **HAT ORNAMENTS**.  
Gold and Silver **BELTING & BRAIDS**, in all widths.  
Smoking **CAPS** and **TASSELS**.  
Human **HAIR**, in Plaits and Curls.  
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Kid **BOOTS** and **GLOVES**.

Also, Received direct from Berlin, a nice assortment of **WOOLS**, in all colors.  
**WELLINGTON STREET,**  
Opposite the Catholic Chapel.  
Hongkong, November 9, 1866.

**FOR SALE.**  
**FRENCH Preserved Provisions**, Paté of Partridge, Snipe, Hare, Plover, &c., &c.  
**SAUSAGES SUPPLIED.**  
Truffled Paté de Foie Gras, French Preserved Vegetables, Petits Pôis, Brussels Sprouts, Asparagus, Mushrooms, &c., &c.

Apply to **G. DUBOST & Co.,** Hongkong, November 9, 1866.

**JUST RECEIVED PER "LOUISA."**  
**DEVENISH & Co.'s CHAMPAGNE**  
**PALE ALE BEER.**  
Apply to **G. DUBOST & Co.,** Hongkong, November 9, 1866.

**FOR SALE.**  
THE New Superior Manila CIGAR in cases of 200 each.  
**BIRLFELD AND ZACHARIE**  
Hongkong, November 9, 1866.

**FOR SALE AT EAST POINT.**  
A Complete assortment of Lowmoor and A Thornycroft PLATE, and Sheet IRON, BAR, ROD, Angle IRON and RIVETS, Double Shear, Spring and Billet STEEL, in round, square and flat bars. Babbits METAL, Sheet Yellow METAL, Copper PLATES, Rods and Pipes, GAS FITTINGS of every description. Boiler TUBES, Pressure GAUGES, FILES, PACKING and all kinds of Engineer's Supplies.  
**RUSSELL & Co.,**  
Hongkong, September 1, 1866.

**STEAM-BOAT "MEKONG."**  
TENDERS are invited stating the lowest price for altering the above steamer lying at anchor off Shamien. Caution, now propelled on the centre wheel system, into a paddle-wheel boat. Particulars may be obtained from the Undersigned, who do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.  
**WM. PUSTAU & Co.,**  
Hongkong, October 29, 1866.

## New Advertisements.

**NOTICE.**  
THE Buildings known as **DENT AND COMPANY'S HONGKONG PRAYA PROPERTY**, will be sold by **PUBLIC AUCTION**, on **FRIDAY**, the 20th November, 1866, at 3 p.m., on the Grounds, **MORGAN, LAMBERT & Co.,** Auctioneers, Hongkong, October 10, 1866.

**NOTICE.**  
THE Office of the **WANCHI STEAM BAKERY** is REMOVED to the Store of Messrs **MACLEWEN & Co.**, where all orders addressed to "WANCHI STEAM BAKERY" will receive prompt attention. **FANCY BISCUITS** and **CAKE** constantly on hand.  
**L. P. WARD,**  
Proprietor.  
Hongkong, September 3, 1866.

**NOTICE.**  
THE Undersigned having PURCHASED the Interest of the **"WANCHI STEAM BAKERY,"** begs to notify the Public of Hongkong and Ship Masters that he is prepared to furnish Daily Supplies of **SOFT BREAD** in various forms, to any part of the Colony.

Also **SHIP BREAD** of best quality and at low rates constantly on hand or baked in quantities at short notice.

Also **Water, Butter, Soda and Sugar BISCUITS** by the Barrel, Tin or Pound.

Also **Corn and Rye MEAL, HOMINY, CORN STARCH, BAKING SODA, Saleratus and Cream TARTAR.**

**FLOUR** of best Brands constantly on hand supplied by the Barrel, Bag, Tin or Pound.

**CAKE** of all kinds baked to order. The above is under the Superintendence of Mr **JONATHAN PAXSONS**, and all orders forwarded to him at the Bakery, or left at Messrs **MACLEWEN & Co.'s** will receive prompt attention.

Hongkong, February 17, 1866.

**AUCTIONS.**  
**PUBLIC AUCTION.**  
THE Undersigned has received instructions from the Mortgagee to sell by Public Auction, on **MONDAY**, the 16th day of November, 1866, at Noon, on the premises, under a power of sale contained in the Deed of Mortgage—

THE **GROUND, MESSUAGES AND PREMISES** situate on the Queen's Road West, close to the North-Syng-poon Market and opposite the F. & O. Company's Factory, known as Inland Lots Nos. 447 and 448.

The Lots contain 30 Chinese houses which are nearly all new.

Immediately after will be sold, on the Premises, the **GROUND, MESSUAGES AND PREMISES** situate on Poynt Street, Taping-shan, known as the remaining portion of Inland Lot No. 363, containing 1 Chinese house, bringing a monthly rental of \$16.

For further particulars, apply to the Undersigned.

**TERMS OF SALE.**—One-half of the purchase money to be paid on the fall of the hammer, the balance on completion of the deeds of transfer, the expenses of which to be paid by the purchaser.

Property to be at the risk of the Purchaser from the fall of the hammer.

**J. M. ARMSTRONG,**  
Auctioneer.  
Hongkong, November 4, 1866.

**WEDNESDAY,**  
the 16th day of November, 1866, at Noon, on the premises, under the power of sale contained in the deed of Mortgage—

THE **GROUND, MESSUAGES AND PREMISES**, situate in Queen's Road East, about 3 Lots to the westward of the St. Francis Hospital, known as Inland Lot No. 651. The lots contain 10 Chinese houses.

Also, Immediately after will be sold on the premises, the **GROUND, MESSUAGES AND PREMISES**, situate at Wanchi, near the Wanchi market, known as section E of Inland Lot No. 368.

The Lot contains 8 Chinese houses. And at the last mentioned time and place will be sold the **GROUND, MESSUAGES AND PREMISES**, situate at Sowkewan, known as Inland Lot No. 49, containing 8 Brick-built houses now let at a monthly rental of \$20.

For further particulars, apply to the Undersigned.

**TERMS OF SALE.**—One-half of the purchase money to be paid on the fall of the hammer. The balance on completion of the deeds of transfer, the expenses of which to be paid by the purchaser.

Property to be at the risk of the purchaser from the fall of the hammer.

**J. M. ARMSTRONG,**  
Auctioneer.  
Hongkong, November 10, 1866.

## Auctions.

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

**HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.**

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, at the residence of the late **JOHN CHAN, Esq.**, 8, Alexandra Terrace, on **TUESDAY**, the 17th November, 1866, at Noon, the whole of the **HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE**, comprising—

Drawing Room, Dining Room and Bed Room: suites: Dinner and Dessert sets, Marble-top Tables and Tea Poy, Electro Plated Ware, Lamps, Glassware, &c., &c.

On view from Monday 16th November, Terms of SALE.—Cash before delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.17.

**J. M. ARMSTRONG,**  
Auctioneer.  
Hongkong, November 11, 1866.

**PUBLIC AUCTION.**  
THE Undersigned have received instructions from the Trustees of **DEAR & Co.'s Estate**, to sell by Public Auction (if not previously disposed of by private sale), on **FRIDAY**, 20th November, 1866, at 3 p.m., on the ground.

THE **BUILDINGS** known as **DEAR & Co.'s HONGKONG PRAYA PROPERTY**, measuring 298 feet in frontage by 175 feet in depth, situated on Marine Lot No. 7, and consisting of—

One **DWELLING HOUSE** in the Western Wing, containing 6 Rooms on the 1st Floor and 8 Rooms on the 2nd Floor, with Bath Rooms, Kitchens, Out Offices, &c., &c., with Gas and Water laid on, and a Godown below capable of holding about 2,000 Tons capacity.

The **Centre BUILDING** known as **DEAR & Co.'s Offices**, containing 8 Rooms, Comptroller's Quarters, Spacious Fireproof Treasury and Godown, capable of holding about 1,000 Tons.

One **DWELLING HOUSE** in the Western Wing, containing 6 Rooms on the 1st Floor and 6 Rooms on the 2nd Floor, with Bath Rooms, Kitchens, Out Offices, &c., &c., with Gas and Water laid on, and a Godown below of about 2,000 Tons capacity.

Crown Rent \$917.64 per annum. These Buildings have only been erected two years and are built of Granite and Brick, the woodwork being Teak throughout.

The whole of this Property to be sold either in one or more lots to suit purchasers.

**TERMS OF SALE.**—One third of the purchase money to be paid on fall of the hammer, one third 2 months after sale, and the balance 4 months after sale, in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.17. Transfer expenses to be borne by the purchasers.

For further particulars or details of plans, apply to **MORGAN, LAMBERT & Co.,** Hongkong, October 10, 1866.

**Banks.**  
**HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.**

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, FIVE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

**COURT OF DIRECTORS.**  
Chairman.—**GEORGE JOHN HILLARD, Esq.**  
Directors.—**JOSEPH E. HARRIS, Esq.**  
**W. H. FORBES, Esq.**  
**JAMES B. TAYLOR, Esq.**  
**SALOMON D. SASSOON, Esq.**  
**A. JOSE, Esq.**  
**JAS. P. DUNCANSON, Esq.**  
**WILLIAM LEMANN, Esq.**  
**JULIUS MENKE, Esq.**  
**RICHARD ROWETT, Esq.**  
And, **E. R. BELLIOS, Esq.**

Managers.—**VICTOR KRIESSER, Esq.** Chief Manager.  
**DAVID MACLEAN, Esq.** Chief Manager.  
**LONDON BANKERS.—London and County Bank.**

**HONGKONG.**  
INTEREST ALLOWED  
ON Current Deposit Accounts at the rate of 1 per cent. per annum on the daily balances.

Fixed Deposits.—  
For 3 months, 2 per cent. per annum.  
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**For Sale**

FOR SALE.

**BASS'S BEER.**  
Allsopp's BEER.  
Devenant & Co's CHAMPAGNE BEER.  
Guinness's STOUT.  
Bridge's PORTWINE.  
Porter's Pale India STOUT.  
Hennessy's BRANDY.  
Martell's do.  
French PATTIES and MUSTARD.  
Imperial PLUMS.  
OLMAN'S STOUTS.  
CLARET.  
American TOBACCO.  
CANVAS, PAINT OIL, RED LEAD  
do. do. do.  
**J. M. ARMSTRONG,**  
Auctioneer & General Commissioner,  
Agent,  
COMMERCIAL BANK BUILDING,  
Queen's Road,  
HONGKONG, OCTOBER 21. 1868.

FOR SALE.  
JUST Received, ex Overland Mail direct  
from the Manufacturers, an Invoice of  
superior Gold and Silver *English Lever*  
WATCHES, at very moderate prices.  
J. M. ARMSTRONG,  
Auctioneer and General  
Commission Agent.  
Commercial Bank Buildings,  
Queen's Road,  
Hongkong, October 31, 1868.

FOR SALE.  
M UNTZ'S Yellow METAL, 20/28 oz. and  
NAILS.  
Also,  
Vivian's Patent Yellow METAL Keel  
PLATES, 12lbs. and 13lb. with NAILS.  
Apply to  
HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.  
Hongkong, June 14, 1867.

**FOR SALE.**  
**THE** Undersigned offer for Sale at very moderate prices a choice Assortment of fine flavored Rhenish WINES, as: Genuine JOHANNESBERGER CABINET, STEINBERGER CABINET, MARCOBRUNNER CABINET, SCHARLACHBERGER, LIEBHARTSBERGER.

LIEBFRAUEN MILCH.  
NIEBENSTÄPNER, in quarts and pints.  
JOSEPHSHOFER.  
RUDESHEIMER BERG.  
SELTZER WATER, in quarts and pints.  
*Also,*  
Ruinart Perè & Fils CHAMPAGNE, in  
quarts and pints.  
Gaspard Testulat's CHAMPAGNE, in qts.  
and pints.  
Perrier Jouet's CHAMPAGNE.

Jules Mumm  
Adolph Collins Bouzy "MOUSSEUX.  
CABINET."  
Eugene "CLIQUEOT."  
Duc de Montebello. CORDON, in quart.  
and pints.  
Sparkling HOCK.  
After Dinner CLAKET, in pints.  
LAMBERT ATKINSON & Co.  
Hongkong, July 25, 1868.

FOR SALE.  
*En "ESTAFETTE"* and other Arrivals.  
 GENUINE AYH GIN, in red cases, 15  
 squares.  
 Genuine AYH GIN, in white bottles.  
 Palm-tree Brand GIN, in 15 squares.  
 Dutch OUDCACA, in stone bottles.  
 At LAMBERT, ATKINSON & Co.  
 Hongkong, May 22, 1868.

FOR SALE.  
Etc "MOBILE" and other late Arrivals.  
100 BARRELS Hamburg Prime Mess  
BEEF.  
100 barrels Hamburg Prime Mess PORK.  
A well assorted Invoice of Hoth's Prime  
quality Russian ROPE, BOLTROPE, Seizing  
STUFF, HOUSELINE, MARLINE,  
LOGLINES, Signal Halyards, SPRING

ARN, &c. At  
LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.  
Hongkong, May 22, 1868.

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FOR SALE,  
Ex "BEUTLED WILL," "CHUSAN,"  
&c. &c.

BASS'S ALE in hogheads and kilderkins,  
Barclay's STOUT in hogheads,  
Bass's ALE in bottle, quarts and pints.

Guinness's STOUT in bottle, quarts and  
pints.  
Hennessy's Pale Old BRANDY.  
Old Tom GIN.  
Dinner SHERRIES from \$6 upwards.  
Fine Old PORT.  
Ginger WINE, Ginger BRANDY and  
Orange BITTERS.  
HAMS, CHEESE and OILMAN'S  
STORES.

JUST RECEIVED,  
 EX "DUNMAIL," Etc.  
 LIME JUICE, in 5 Gallon Jars.  
 Guinness's STOUT in pints and  
 quarts.

**Draught BEER in hogsheads and  
Kilderkins.  
White Trowsers DUCK.  
BOWRA & Co.  
Hongkong, June 11, 1868.**

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**FOR SALE.**  
Ex "Chusan" and "Peter Dennis."

**DRAUGHT BEER** in Hogsheads and  
 Kilderkins.  
**Draught STOUT** in half Hogsheads.  
 Apply to  
**MORGAN, LAMBERT & Co**  
 Hongkong, June 2, 1868.

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**FOR SALE.**  
 SMALL Lot of Superior Old PORT  
 WINE. Th. Gv. Sandeman, Co.

Fine Dry. MADEIRA.  
 Fine CHAMPAGNE, COGNAC.  
 Various Superior Hungarian WINES.  
 Wm. PUSTAU & Co.  
 Hongkong, August 6, 1867.

Hongkong, June 15, 1898.

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## QUOTATIONS

WE have authorized Mr. CLAUD F. DREYER & Co. to sign our Firm from this date  
HONGKONG, January 1, 1888.

For rate of Freight or Passage, apply to  
BIRLEY &  
Hongkong, November 14, 1893,

By order of the Board of Directors  
**GEORGE N. MILLER**  
*Secretary.*  
 Hongkong, September 2, 1888.

TO: By order of the Committee,  
AUGUSTINE HEARD &  
General Agents  
del Hongkong, November 7, 1868.

Co., West Indian, to-morrow Sunday,  
inst., at 1 P.M., instead of at the time  
previously notified.

might say so transparent as to  
nicious—policy or course of action

the Customs on its  
fire-arms, re-loaded,

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, NOV. 14, 1868

the 1990s, the number of people in the United States who are 65 years of age or older is projected to increase from 20 million to 35 million, and the number of people 75 years of age or older is projected to increase from 10 million to 15 million (U.S. Census Bureau, 1997).

100







## A GOOD SERMON.

(From the Spectator, September 3.)  
One of the most noteworthy incidents in the brilliant and busy week spent by the British Association at Norwich was the delivery of a sermon on Sunday in the cathedral by Dr. Mudge. Such an occasion seldom occurs in a provincial life, for in the vast congregation which filled every cranny of the building, there were the President and principal officers of the Association, besides conspicuous representatives of all those forms of modern thought and inquiry which Christian preachers too often look with jealousy if not with avowed hostility. It was an occasion on which weak men of one school would have vented vague denunciations of the aggressive and sceptical spirit of modern science; while still weaker men of another type would have flattered their hearers by making light of the conflict between science and religion, or by expressing a dim belief that a reconciliation between "truth-seekers" of all classes and of opposite tendencies was high at hand. The Dean of Cork avoided both of these mistakes. His copious Irish eloquence, and a powerful voice, might easily have tempted him to indulge in impassioned rhetoric, but this temptation was severely resisted, and with one or two momentary exceptions, the sermon was a fine example of logical precision in the use of language, even though it was delivered without written notes. His theme was, "I am come that they might have life, and that they might have it more abundantly." These words, he said, in which the words might serve as the motto for all true teaching in all ages of the world. The final cause, and aim of all science and all philosophy is the enrichment of human life, the making of the life of humanity in some way or other a nobler, a cleaner, a fairer thing than it was before. And as that great Association moved about from city to city, investigating the conditions of the sources, and the philosophy of existence, and bringing to light such truth as was attainable in relation to the world in which we lived, it might, with greater significance, and without the least irreverence, adopt for itself the language of the Founder of the Christian religion, and say, "We are come among you that ye might have life, and that ye might have it more abundantly." In discussing the sense in which these words had been first used, he observed that the Christian religion differed from all other religions in the profession which it made to impart a new and divine life to man. Christ did not come to be the teacher and helper of man's life only, he claimed to be the author and giver of it. He does not merely say that he is the discoverer of that life or the teacher of its laws, but he says "I am that life." The meaning of it cannot be without him. The writing of his followers, and notably of Paul, are saturated with his idea of a Christ whose life is in them, who lives in them. No Jew ever said that he lived in Moses, no Muslim that the life of Mahomed was imparted to him or reproduced in him. It is the distinctive mark of Christianity that it alone professes to give the life of its Founder to man; that it is not merely a creed, or a system of doctrine, or a code of laws, or a scheme of philosophy; but a new vital force in the world—a life having its own phenomena, its own manifestations, a life as real as any of those forms of life which science arranges and classifies, a life which it was said had been supernaturally given to man, being the divine life of Christ our Lord. "This is the record that God has given to us eternal life, and this life is in his Son." Yet it must be confessed that the evidence of the supernatural in the world of nature will ever prove the existence of a world or a life above nature.

Between the man who believes only what he sees, and the man who believes in order that he may see, there is a necessary and endless opposition; they are exactly in the position of two men, one of whom is looking at a picture from a right point of view, and sees the whole beauty of the design; and the other of whom is looking at it from a point of view which is so placed that he can only see a part of it, and is resolved to walk, only by sight. But is it not a great matter that they should reach that point in company, that they should not part before they have reached it? Is it not a great matter that the man of faith should bring with him the man of science to the very verge of the supernatural, showing him all he can see before he asks him to believe what he cannot see? Now, have religion men, as a rule, done this? Too often they have done exactly the opposite. They set forth the claims of Christianity in this way: "Eighteen hundred years ago there lived a man in Nazareth who claimed to be the Son of God, and proved his claim by miracles, and he shall be rewarded with salvation; believe it, and ye shall be punished with damnation." Whether this was rightly or wrongly put, the result of such a statement was that the men of science started aside from it at once, and rejected the belief in the supernatural as the more resolute, because an attempt was thus made to enforce it by penalties.

The Dean proceeded to say that there was another way of enforcing the claims of Christianity far more efficacious and more consonant to the legitimate demands of science. The inductive method of investigation was confessedly the fairest in regard to all forms of physical life; it would also be the truest in regard to the Christian life. Instead of beginning with a theory, historical or dogmatic, about the origin of Christianity, and then attempting to prove the facts of Christianity, it would be well to begin by ascertaining the actual phenomena, and then ascend afterwards to the religious system which undertook to explain and account for those phenomena. With singular force and eloquence the preacher invited his hearers to consider with him the manifestations in the history of Christianity of a noble and beautiful life which could not be accounted for without a new hypothesis of some kind. He recounted the deeds of heroic and self-sacrificing men, and said that there was visible to all who looked for it, a new kind of life, "that little itself above morality, respectability, and decency; a life that is saintly and beautiful, which is ever ready to give itself for others, which is ever contending with the evil and misery there are in the world; a life which sends the factor to the outcast and the igno-

rant, which spends itself in efforts to reclaim the wanderer, and to reform the criminal, and which has originated all the agencies for the amelioration of our race. And if it is still closer inquiry was made into the motives and purposes of Christian men, it would be found that they all professed to have a hidden life of joy and peace, and hope, which was more beautiful than any which they could reveal. "Take up the biography of men who in their day had belonged to the most opposite and contending sects, and who, would scarce have owned one another to be Christians. Read the records of their secret thoughts and feelings, uttered themselves in their prayers, their hymns, their journals of religious experience. Blow away from their books the dust of the old bitter controversies, by which these men were kept apart, and what do you find? You find living souls that wept, sorrowed, joyed, hoped, and prayed alike; men who speak of the realities of a hidden life, of the abiding peace, of the temptations they struggled against, of the life and spirit in them which enabled them to conquer, and of the hope that sustained them. So much had they been animated by the same spirit, that however divided they might have been in creed, it was clear that they might have sung one another's hymns and prayed one another's prayers. And the explanation which they would each have given of the phenomenon would have been substantially the same. This life is not ours, there was a time when we were dead; this life is in us, but not of us; it comes from another, it is the life of our Lord Jesus Christ. He died for us, we believe in Him, and believing in Him, we find his life and spirit in us; we trust in Him; the life grows stronger, when we forget Him, it grows weaker; we can do all things through Christ, for He is our life." There, he concluded, were phenomena in the history of the world which the student of human life could not disregard. They required some explanation, there was, somewhere, a theory to account for them. He could not now ask them to go into the evidences of Christianity, but he invited them to consider whether, with these facts before them, the supernatural theory which Christianity set up appeared quite so improbable as it had seemed at first, and whether would be philosophical to reject without further examination an exceptional explanation for phenomena so hard to account for on any natural theory. They had been considering the outward manifestations of a life; and what was a life? He asked the man most profoundly versed in science here present to define for him what was that mysterious and hidden force for which he was searching day by day into the recesses of his mind, that life or that they have lived, and which still eludes his search? What was the mysterious power which makes of the inanimate, the animate? The men of faith had to tell of the life of man's spirit, should it surprise us to be told that this life is more mysterious than the life that the men of science seek vainly to discover of the body? Was it so very strange a thing that they who already believe in an invisible influence in the realm of science, should be asked to go one step further, and believe the invisible in the realm of faith? They might not be entitled to say, "Believe the Christian theory," but they might be justified in claiming for it a respectful and patient hearing.

## WOMEN'S NEEDS AND WOMEN'S RIGHTS.

All parties alike seem to us to play into the hands of those wise and beneficent people who are promoting the most thorough and extensive schemes for women's education. Certainly nobody does so much to convince us of the enormous extent of women's needs and women's rights, as those who are just now most hysterical in advocating their rights—but not by their arguments, but on the whole, perhaps by their utter incapacity to understand what argument is.

If any one wanted a proof of the true wisdom of the friends of women's education, of those who are doing their best, not merely to give them knowledge, but to train them in independent habits of thought, and careful investigation, he could not find a better than he would obtain by reading the windy and empty declamation which is put forth by political women on women's behalf. Without entering on a question which is utterly unpractical, and for which there can be no proper data, till women are taught to grapple with their studies as earnestly and hardily as men have long been taught to do so, can anybody exaggerate the need for thoroughness in education, the need for that kind of education which makes men ashamed of turgid, wordy, and fatulent declamation, which is proved by the incredibly foolish political flights of the women's rights party in the United States? We take the United States, because it is an admirable instance of the necessity of a higher education for women. We all know that any of the United States have far more just educational treatment than in England, and that as a matter of fact they are better educated. But there seems to be either fewer highly educated women in the United States than in England, or they have less influence, and are less able to obtain the lead in directing their sisters what to do, and how to do it. Miss Becker, an address at the British Association, with its tolerant inquiries into the relative condition of the sexes among the lower animals, did not seem to us a very wise production, and her dispute the other day with the Rev. Barington at Manchester was funny and ill-judged, even for her purpose. But Miss Becker is wisdom itself compared with the leaders of the female movement in America, whose paper, the Revolution, she edits. The Revolution maintains through one of its chief writers, Mrs. Gage, as follows:

"As a fundamental proposition, I assert that woman is in a typical representative view, superior to man. The will and the understanding are the interior principles of the human being. Of these the most interior, or will, is the soul principle; from which all actions derive life and come into being, as woman as its type. The will and the true moral life are one. From this vital principle the understanding has its quality. The understanding has its man as its type, and by virtue of its exterior position it is more quickly recognized by the superficial observer than the will. For the same reason, catches catch the eye first, and are by weak persons the one thing respected. The understanding and the mental life are one. The will is the soul principle; the understanding the body principle. In actual life woman corresponds to the soul; man corresponds to the body."

In the very same number of the Revolution in which this idiotic manifesto appears, we find Mr. George Francis Train, a male person who is, we should suppose, almost a second Mrs. Gage, allowed to pronounce that "Man is woman's love,"—so that, according to him, woman is not the representative of "will," but of "love." But which ever way the Revolution decides about "will" in the metaphysical sense, it certainly means that women are to have their will met in the practical sense. And the same idea was advocated at a convention at Chicago on the 5th of August, when a Miss Bufford told the Convention that the great question of the future was who should rule the earth, man or woman? This important question she elaborated as follows:

"The blood of women clamoured for the right to rule the earth, and to so construct the State and Church as to prevent abortion. From her entering the world, man has gone as far as he dared, and was now waiting to take the Oath of Allegiance to the true Government, and become loyal subjects thereof, of which woman is the head and prime mover. They needed the protection of men; but if it was denied them, they would go alone. We, the people, inhabitants of America, are prepared to rally around and support a new and divine government of Church and State—a combined theocratic and democratic government; men representing the State and woman the Church, the Church controlling the State."

And we are assured that this sort of thing really succeeded with the convention, and was not laughed down,—that Miss Bufford was not earnestly recommended to the care of her friends.

## THE BARRING.

We have to chronicle the death of Francis, Lord Ashburton, which happened on September 6th, in the 60th year of his age, after a long and tedious illness, which had affected both his bodily and mental powers, and enforced on him a strict seclusion from all business. He was the third and last surviving son of the Right Hon. Alexander Baring, who having held office under the first Administration of Sir Robert Peel as President of the Board of Trade and Master of the Mint, and having sat in Parliament for many years as M.P. for Taunton, Callington, and North Essex, was raised to the peerage in 1835 as Lord Ashburton—a title which had been borne in the last century by his relative, the celebrated John Dunning, but had become extinct in 1823. The nobleman whose death we now record was born in May, 1808 and for some few years represented the borough of Taunton in Parliament as a Conservative. He succeeded, in the honours of the peerage on the decease of his father, to the title of Viscount Baring, but had taken little or no part in public life, owing to increasing infirmities. He married, a daughter of the Duke of Bassano, by whom he has surviving issue a daughter, the Duchess of Grafton, and a son, also Hon. Alexander Hugh Baring, late M.P. for Taunton, who now succeeds as fourth baron. He is married to a daughter of Lord Digby, by whom he has issue two sons. The family of the Baring, who now sit at the Marquis of Baring, a minister—held three seats in the House of Peers, viz. the baronies of Ashburton and Northbrook, and the bishopric of Durham, were some century and a half ago residents at Brecken, whence they came to England, and settling in Essex and London, rose to a high position as merchants, and attained the honour of a baronetcy in 1793. Their head, Sir Thomas Baring, was styled by Lord Baring "the first merchant in the world," and the grandson of a plain Lutheran minister at Brecken, he became so wealthy and powerful in the commercial world that it is said the funds were sensibly shaken by the news of his death. He was the father of the first Lord Ashburton, and grandfather of the late Lord Northbrook.

## WHAT GEOGRAPHICAL SCIENCE OWES TO MISSIONARIES.

There is no class of men that has contributed more to the advancement of Geographical Science than missionaries. Impelled by an earnest desire to benefit their fellow-men, by imparting to them knowledge that shall by its humanizing influences bring them out from the darkness of barbarism, with a self-denial and patient perseverance of our high appreciation, they surrender the society of kindred friends and the comforts of civilized life for homes in distant and unknown lands. Toward whatever portion of the globe we may turn our eyes—whether it be the arid sands of the deserts or the burning sun of the equator—in the jungles of India or on the islands of the sea—wherever man has made his habitation, he has found the missionary, laboring, not for the accumulation of wealth, not for personal aggrandizement, but for the spiritual benefit of his fellow-men. "Go ye into all the world, and preach the Gospel to every creature."

From the missionary stations throughout the world, we receive not only much valuable information relative to the country, its people and products in their immediate vicinity, but there are few missionaries who do not explore the surrounding country to do of illustration, state a single instance: A missionary society desired to make a trial of their work in Eastern Africa, then a new field, and established a mission, the headquarters of which were on the eastern coast of Zanzibar, opposite the island of Pemba. After establishing themselves, and the purpose of the expedition acquainted with the manners and customs of the native tribes, they might the better judge of the prospects of the result of their labors, they penetrated into the interior; on one of their explorations, seeing a lofty mountain, they made their way to it. This was a snow mountain, the Kilimanjaro.

An account of this journey was published in England, but the existence of such a mountain was denied by the scientific men of the day. The missionaries persisted in their testimony, and in order to be able to furnish further proof of the truth of their assertions, made further explorations, and not only discovered a second snow mountain, the Kenia, but sent home information, obtained from the natives, of a great inland sea.

The Royal Geographical Society, after making a most thorough investigation, determined to send an expedition to explore this country—and the result was the discovery of two lakes, the Tanganyika, and one larger than this, which was named by Capt. Speke the Victoria Nyanza.

While this expedition, under Capt. Speke and Grant, was at work in this vicinity, another expedition, of which Mr. (now Sir) Samuel Baker was the head, was formed for the purpose of ascending the Nile, and finding, if possible, another and larger lake, of which vague reports were obtained from the natives. After various difficulties and overcoming almost insurmountable obstacles, they at length, in March, 1864, came in sight of the lake. "Lake Nyanza," of which Baker was the first to see the waters, a beautiful sea horizon on the south and west, glittering in the sun; while on the west, at 50 or 60 miles distance, blue mountains rose from the bottom of the lake to about 7,000 feet above its level. This lake, which they named the Albert Nyanza, proved to be the source of the upper branches of the Nile, and settled definitely a question that has troubled the geographical world for years.

It is not probable that these results would have been obtained for years but for the establishment of the missionary station alluded to.

But it is not as explorers that missionaries, as a class, render the greatest service to geographical science, but as aids to exploring expeditions, by establishing for them points of departure. There are but few expeditions that do not on the outskirts of civilization halt at a missionary station; to give themselves aid, before plunging into the unknown regions before them. The friendship of the natives of the country secured by missionary labor enables more complete preparations to be made, and often supplies the guides for some distance, and frequently introductions to and safe passage through sections upon which the light of the missions shone only by reflected rays.

There is scarcely a history of an expedition of discovery in any country that does not contain confirmation of this, and the acknowledgment of the explorers of their indebtedness to the missionaries.—*Colonist's Journal of Geography.*

## HONGKONG MARKET PRICES.

Saturday, November 14th, 1868.  
At 1300 Cash per Dollar Mexican.

\* THESE MUST BE CONSIDERED EXTREME RATES.

## Butcher Meat.

Beef Steak	catty	170	160
" Roast	"	170	160
" Soup	"	120	110
Bullocks' Brains	per set	50	40
" Tongue	"	250	230
" Heart	"	150	130
" Tail	each	120	110
" Feet	"	50	40
" Tripe (undressed)	catty	60	40
" Liver	"	70	60
Pork Leg	"	198	180
" Chop	"	198	180
" Fat for Lard	"	120	110
Pigs' Fry	"	170	160
" Chillingies	"	70	60
" Feet	"	110	100
" Head	"	110	100
" Liver	"	130	120
Mutton Leg	lb.	390	370
" Chop	"	390	370
" Shoulder	"	320	300
" Liver	"	180	160
Sucking Pigs	catty	150	140
Calves' Head and Feet	set	500	450
Sheeps' Head and Feet	set	450	400
Bacon, English	lb.	400	380
" Fresh	"	325	300
Hams, Chinese	"	325	300
" American	"	400	380
" English	"	500	400
Kidneys, Bullocks	each	60	50
" Pigs	"	50	40
" Sheeps	"	50	40
Sheeps' Heart	"	50	40
Pigs' Heart	"	50	40
Pork Sausages	catty	290	250
Goats' Meat	"	200	180
" Head and Feet	set	300	275

## Poultry.

Geese	catty	170	160
Ducks	"	160	155
Teal	"	300	280
Turkeys	catty	600	580
Phoebants, Cook	each	2800	2100
" Hen	"	1600	1300
Pigeons	"	210	190
Quail	"	110	100
Fowls	catty	220	210
Capons	"	350	320
Hon Eggs	dozen	140	130
Duck Eggs	"	140	130
Salt Eggs	"	350	340
Dried Ducks	each	170	160
Snipe	"	440	420
Partridges	"	"	"
Rabbits	"	"	"
Wild Geese	"	650	600
Wild Ducks	"	"	"
Sand Hill Birds	"	"	"
Hill Snipe	"	"	"
Sparrows	per doz.	650	600
Birds	"	140	130
Wild Pigeons	"	"	"

## Fish.

Live Fish	catty	150	140
Eels	"	200	180
Oysters	"	160	140
Shrimps	"	120	110
Crabs	"	160	140
Prawns	"	140	120
Lobsters	catty	200	180
Frogs	"	350	300
Small Turtles	"	"	"
Large Turtles	"	140	120
Small Do.	"	120	110
Large Fresh Fish	"	120	110
Maakroel Sm.	"	100	80
Conger Eels Small	"	120	100
Salt Fish	"	80	70
Small Fish	"	160	140
Shrimp Soles	"	160	140
Canton Salmon	"	200	180
Rock Fish	"	"	"
Shark Fish	"	40	30

Skate	catty	60	40
Purbot	"	160	80
Gurnet	"	100	80
Parrot Fish	"	120	110
Snake	"	40	60
Fresh Water Fish	"	140	100
Suip Fish	"	96	70
Salmon, Pickled	tm	500	490

## Vegetables.

Potatoes, Masao	catty	35	30
" Japan	"	52	40
" Californian	"	52	40
" Sweet	"	12	10
" New	"	35	30
Yams	"	30	25
Cocoas	"	10	8
Turnip, Salt	"	25	20
Carrots, Salt	"	60	48
" Fresh	each	10	8
Spinage	catty	40	20
Indian Corn	each	"	"
Young Hambo shoots	catty	120	100
Cabbage, Large Masao	each	"	"
Cabbage, White Canton	catty	40	30
" Common	"	12	10
French	"	"	"
Lettuces	small bun	10	8
Celery	catty	30	20
Parsley Chinese	"	60	50
" English	"	"	"
Beans, broad	"	"	"
" Long	"	80	70
" French	"	170	160
" Sprigged	"	60	50
Green Peas, in the Shell	"	180	160
Tomatoes	"	30	20
Asparagus	box	250	200
Chilies, Dried	catty	200	180
" Green	"	40	30
Garlic	"	60	50
Ginger	"	24	20
Curry Stuff	"	80	70
Pumpkins	"	10	8
Large Onions, Bombay	"	104	91
Green Onions	bundle	20	15
Shallots	catty	40	30
Turnips	"	12	10
Cucumbers	"	25	20
Egg Plant	"	25	20
Water Cress	bundle	40	30
Mushroom, Dried	catty	600	500
Okra	"	75	70
English Turnips	each	"	"
Radishes	catty	30	25
Grease Sprouts	"	20	18

## Fruits.

Mandarin Oranges	catty	180	120
Coolie Oranges	"	40	30
Lemons	"	"	"
Pineapples	each	80	70
Pomegranates	"	100	80
Pears, Canton	catty	100	80
Lichies, Dried	"	250	200
Plums	"	"	"
Cocoanuts	each	50	40
Pomegranates	"	70	60
Plantains	catty	40	30
Wompees	"	"	"
Chestnuts	"	180	120
Walnuts	"	130	120
Mangosteens	each	"	"
Feanuts	catty	30	25
Tamarinds	"	"	"
Almonds	lb.	400	325
Currants	"	260	180
Raisins	"	800	260
Bananas	"	30	28
Peaches	catty	"	"
Mangoes	each	"	"
Musk Melons	each	"	"
Water	catty	"	"
Grapes	"	400	300
Strawberries	"	"	"
Nankin Pears	"	"	"
Peking Pears	"	200	150
Common Pears	"	"	"
Winter Pears	"	"	"
Ground Nuts	"	70	60
Hazel-nuts	"	"	"
Locuats	"	"	"
Figs, Dried	bottle	500	480
Dates	catty	500	480
Prunes Dried	"	500	480
Carambolas	"	100	80
Jack Fruit	"	"	"
Plums, Water	"	50	40
Limes	"	50	40
Custard Apples	each	"	"
Rose Apples	catty	520	325
Mulberries	"	"	"
Sugar Cane	stick	20	15
Guanas	catty	"	"
Dried Apples	"	"	"

## Miscellaneous.

	Sugar Cane,	stick	20
	Guavas,	catty	—
160	Dried Apples,	—	—
158			
560			
290			
2100			
1300			
190			
100			
210			
210			
130			
130			
130			
340			
160			
420			
—			
600			
—			
—			
600			
180			
—			
140			
140			
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## Miscellaneous.

## THE "TREATY PORTS OF CHINA AND JAPAN" AND "NOTES AND QUERIES ON CHINA AND JAPAN."

EXTRACTS FROM REVIEWS.

(From the "Friend of India," June 4, 1888.)

We acknowledge with thanks the receipt of the numbers for the current year of "Notes and Queries," a most deserving Anglo-Chinese monthly, edited by Mr. N. B. Denys, whose "Treaty Ports of China and Japan" are so well known. From the notes attached to the "Notes" we can see that the contributors include some of the best Chinese scholars in the East. Its interest is not confined to China, and it will be of valuable assistance to all scholars who have directed their attention towards the subject of Buddhism and its literature, and generally to all who are interested in oriental antiquities. It deserves to be better known in India.

(From the "Straits Times," July 27, 1888.)

Some time ago we had occasion to remark upon the progress that literature as represented by the Press had made and was making in the East, and our attention has again been called to the subject by the receipt of a Hongkong publication which deserves some notice and which we have much pleasure in introducing to the knowledge of our readers. We allude to "Notes and Queries on China and Japan," published monthly by Mr. N. B. Denys, the proprietor of the "China Mail" newspaper. This publication is well printed on good paper, and in size and shape is very like its well-known namesake or prototype at home, and is equally a mine containing very curious and useful information regarding the language, literature, history, manners and customs of the Chinese and in a less degree of the Japanese. It says a good deal for the extent and stability of the footing of Europeans in China, that such a publication as this should be established and conducted with apparently successful vigour.

The publication is altogether a very interesting one, and wishing it every success, we commend it to the attention and support of our readers.

(From the "London Examiner," May 10, 1888.)

This really useful volume ("Treaty Ports of China and Japan") is intended as a guide for travellers and residents in China and Japan, and as a book of reference for mercantile men generally. It contains an account, historical and political, of all the open ports of these countries, together with Peking, Yedo, Hongkong, and Macao. It has been carefully compiled and edited by Mr. N. B. Denys, and the elaborate maps and plans, with which the work abounds, considerably enhance its value.

We have thus given in outline some of the more prominent portions of the chapter devoted to Canton, as a specimen of the whole volume. Other chapters treating of Macao, Formosa, Ningpo, Shanghai, and the remainder of the treaty ports, we can only enumerate. The pages describing Peking, the capital, are so interesting, and contain so much that is new to European readers respecting its history, public buildings, and general characteristics, that we would fain transfer them to our columns. A complete and intelligible plan of the Imperial City and neighbourhood, gives us an accurate notion of the relative position of its divisions, streets, and places.

In the introductory chapter to the notices of the Treaty Ports of Japan will be found a succinct history of that Empire, together with remarks on its government, geography, and limits, which will be found particularly interesting as throwing a considerable light on a part of the world so long entirely, and still comparatively, unknown to Europeans.

The descriptions of Nagasaki, Yedo, Yokohama, and the other Treaty Ports of Japan, are as elaborate and entertaining as those of the Chinese ports. A copious index and a useful appendix containing many hints and much appropriate advice to travellers and others, is also included in the volume. The entire work affords a vast amount of information, pleasantly written, and we doubt not will be perused with interest by many who will never visit the Eastern seas.

## Notes and Queries:

## ON

## CHINA AND JAPAN.

## A MONTHLY MEDIUM OF INTER

## COMMUNICATION

## FOR

## Professional and Literary Men,

## Missionaries and Residents in the

## East generally.

## EDITED BY N. B. DENYS.

## PRICE \$6 PER ANNUM.

## Chinese Advertisements.

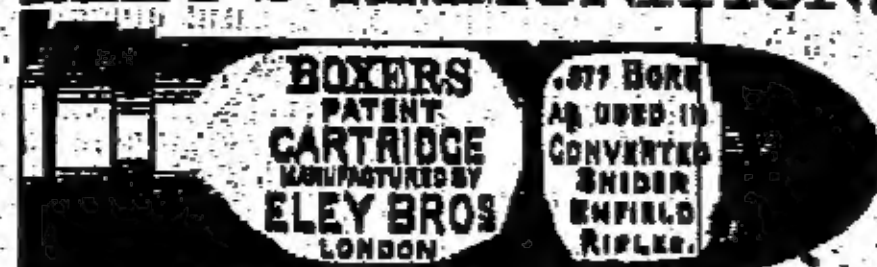
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## VESSELS LOADING.

Destination.	Vessel's Name.	Flag & Rig.	Consignees.	Intended Despatch.
CHINA & JAPAN PORTS—				
EAST COAST	Fujiyama	Br. str.	D. Laprak & Co	
Do.	Kwang-tung	Br. str.	Douglas Laprak & Co	
NINGPO.	Faithful	Br. bk.	Stemmen & Co	
SHANGHAI	Suwonada	Am. str.	A. Heard & Co	
YOKOHAMA	Shaftesbury	Ru. str.	Landstein & Co	
OTHER PORTS—				
LONDON	John Lidgett	Br. sh.	Thomas & Mercer	
Do.	Merida	Br. bk.	Douglas & Co	
NEW YORK	Merida	N. G. bk.	A. Heard & Co	
Do.	Sterling	Am. bk.	Olyphant & Co	
MELBOURNE & SYDNEY	Maud Helen	Am. bk.	A. Heard & Co	
SAN FRANCISCO	Schiller	Br. sh.	A. Heard & Co	
Y. HAMA & S. F. CISCO	G. Republic	Am. str.	Pacific Mail S. S. Co	16th
BOMBAY, &c. (Mails)	Orissa	Br. str.	P. & O. Co	17th
SINGAPORE & BOMBAY.	West Indian	Br. str.	Jardine, M. & Co	15th
SINGAPORE	Trincolo	Br. bk.	Arnold, Karberg & Co	
CALCUTTA, &c.	A. Apar	Br. str.	Gibb, Livingston & Co	20th
SAIGON	Ocean Bride	Br. bk.	Malchers & Co	
Do.	St. Croix	Fr. sh.	Landstein & Co	
Do.	Evangeline	Br. bk.	R. S. Walker & Co	
Do.	Bengali	Fr. bk.	L. Atkinson & Co	
BANGKOK	Indian Warrior	Si. bk.	Chinese	
SURINAM	Omba	Br. sh.	John Burd & Co	
Do.	Veritas	Br. sh.	Turner & Co	

## MEN-OF-WAR IN HONKONG HARBOUR.

Name.	Flag.	Rig.	Tons.	Captain.
Bouncer	British	gun-boat	230	Rodney M. Lloyd, Lt. O.
Drake	British	gun-boat	230	In ordinary.
Flamer	British	naval hospital	230	Attached to Melville
Grasshopper	British	gun-boat	230	In ordinary.
Hardy	British	gun-boat	230	In ordinary.
Leven	British	gun-vessel	300	Orford S. Cameron Lt. Comr.
Meeanee	British	ship	2219	Hospital ship
Melville	British	naval hospital	230	Geo. B. Hill, D.L.O.
Perseus	British	steam-sloop	1500	O. E. Stevens, Commander
Princess Charlotte	British	receiving ship	2443	Commodore Oliver J. Jones
Princessa Clotilde	Italian	corvette	2400	Racchia, Commander.
Unadilla	U. States	gun-boat	1800	O. Hatfield, Lieut. Comr.

## CHINESE GUN-VESSELS IN CANTON WATERS.

Name.	Flag.	Rig.	Tons.	Captain.
An-lau	Chinese	gun-vessel	7	221 Godsell
Chen-toing	Chinese	gun-vessel	7	221 Edwards
Chin-hai	Chinese	gun-boat	8	221 Bernard
Fai-toing	Chinese	gun-boat	8	221 Deind
Spy	Chinese	gun-boat	8	221 Francis
Sui-taing	Chinese	gun-boat	8	221 Stewart
Tien-po	Chinese	gun-boat	8	221 de Longueville

## HONKONG, MACAO AND CANTON

## STEAMERS.

Vessel.	Flag.	Tons.	Captain.	Owners or Agents.
Dragon	British	117	Stephenson	P. & O. S. N. Co
Fame (110 h. power)	Do.	280	Do.	H. & W. Dock Company's Tug
Fire Dart	Do.	456	Henning	H. & W. Dock Company's Tug
Kin Shan	Do.	617	Do.	H. & W. Dock Company's Tug
Kiu Kiang	Do.	69	Do.	H. & W. Dock Company's Tug
Little Orphan	Do.	49	Do.	H. & W. Dock Company's Tug
Poyang	Do.	379	Cary	H. & W. Dock Company's Tug
Prince Albert	Do.	180	Do.	H. & W. Dock Company's Tug
Sir J. Jessebhoy	Do.	101	Do.	H. & W. Dock Company's Tug
Spark	Do.	140	Wilson	H. & W. Dock Company's Tug
Speed	Do.	140	Wilson	H. & W. Dock Company's Tug
White Cloud	British	280	Cartroll	H. & W. Dock Company's Tug

\* Repairing at Hongkong.

## SHIPPING IN HARBOUR

## HONGKONG.

Consignees of Vessels will greatly oblige by forwarding corrections of errors in the following list.

Exclusive of To-day's Arrivals, Departures, and Clearances.

O. on Pedder's Wharf.—W.C., from Pedder's Wharf to Gibb's Wharf.—W., Westward of Gibb's Wharf.—E.C., on Pedder's Wharf to the Military Hospital.—R., Eastward of the Hospital.—S. O., on Kowloon side.

## Merchant Steamers.

Vessel's Name and Where Anchored.	Captain.	Flag & Rig.	Tons.	Date of Arrival.	Consignees or Agents.	Destination.	Intended Despatch.
Arratoon Apar	W.C. Smith	Brit. str.	980	Nov. 9	Gibb, Livingston & Co	Calcutta, &c.	20th, 8 p.m.
Clan Alpine	E.H. Hutcheson	Brit. str.	1246	Nov. 9	8 Messageries Maritimes & Co		
Dupleix	W.C. Smith	Brit. str.	1900	Oct. 28	8 Messageries Maritimes		
Elora	W. Murray	Brit. str.	1579	Sept. 28	E. & O. S. N. Co		
Fujiyama	W. Dundas	Brit. str.	310	Nov. 9	8 Douglas Laprak & Co	East Coast	
Great Republic	W. Deane	Amer. str.	3800	Nov. 9	8 Pacific Mail S. S. Co	Y. Hama & S. F. C. S. Co	16th, 3 p.m.
Hoogly	W. Bovis	Fch. str.	1787	Oct. 27	8 Messageries Maritimes	Saigon, Suez, &c.	25th, 3 p.m.
Kan Ka Kee	W. Yeaton	Amer. str.	319	Oct. 19	Aug. Heard & Co		
Kwang Tung	W. Pittman	Brit. str.	498	Nov. 11	Douglas Laprak & Co	East Coast	
Orissa	W. Anderson	Brit. str.	1640	Nov. 9	P. & O. S. N. Co	Bombay, &c.	17th, 9 a.m.
Suwonada	W. Jayne	Amer. str.	1802	Nov. 11	Aug. Heard & Co		
Venus	W. O'Meara	Amer. str.	677	Aug. 30	A. Heard & Co		
Yata	W. Mann	Brit. str.	441	Nov. 9	Gilman & Co		
West Indian	W. Miller	Brit. str.	1804	Oct. 18	Jardine, Matheson & Co	S'pore & B'bay	15th, 8 a.m.
Yung-hai-an	W. Morrison	Amer. str.	447	Oct. 19	Russell & Co		

## Merchant Sailing Vessels.

Vessel's Name and Where Anchored.	Captain.	Flag & Rig.	Tons.	Date of Arrival.	Consignees or Agents.	Destination.	Remarks.
Agua	W. Santos	Port. sob.	352	Nov. 10	J. J. Remedios & Co		
Alert	W. Abbott	Brit. sob.	185	Oct. 30	John Burd & Co		
August	W. Hooker	Brit. bk.	470	Sept. 14	Chinese		
Bengali	E. Etienne	Fch. bk.	432	Oct. 20	Lammert Atkins & Co	Saigon	
Bessie Seavight	W. Chestham	Brit. bk.	131	Oct. 24	John Burd & Co		
Castle	W. Nited	Siam. bk.	274	Nov. 4	Chinese		
Chanticleer	W. Jenkins	Brit. bk.	759	Oct. 28	Order		
Chom Vo Lang	W. Bloom	Chil. sch.	175	Aug. 20	Chinese		
Conqueror	W. Mincham	Siam. sh.	570	July 2	Chinese		
Courier des Mers	E. Lammert	Fch. bk.	443	Nov. 6	Order		
Cruiser	W. Hausmann	Siam. bk.	465	Oct. 30	Chinese		
Edgar Ross	E. Bender	N. Ger. bk.	275	Oct. 15	Stemmen & Co		
Enterprise	W. Kross	Siam. bk.	488	Nov. 3	Stemmen & Co		
Esperanza	W. C.	Brit. sh.	1076	June 10	Chinese		
Evangelina	E. Adam	Brit. bk.	441	Nov. 4	R. S. Walker & Co	Saigon	
Fitzel	E. Hicks	Brit. bk.	487	Nov. 13	E. Schellhass & Co		
Frederick	W. Steinforth	N. Ger. bk.	365	Oct. 20	Bourjau, Hubner & Co		
Galatea	E. Cook	Amer. sh.	639	Oct. 31	Russell & Co		
Glenlee	W. Rickett	Brit. sh.	638	Nov. 2	Landstein & Co		
Golden Horn	E. Rice	Siam. bk.	1140	Oct. 29	Order		
Goliath	W. Silva	Siam. bk.	642	Aug. 19	Chinese		
Hopeful	W. Buttery	Brit. bk.	332	Nov. 2	Borneo Company	Bangkok	
Indian Warrior	W. Young	Siam. bk.	564	Aug. 19	Chinese		
Josefina Almira	K. Reina	Port. sh.	1400	Oct. 28	Landstein & Co		
Joshua Bates	Devlin	Brit. sh.	660	Nov. 9	Rozario & Co		
Kvik	W. Larange	Nor. bk.	174	Oct. 31	Stemmen & Co		
La Plata	W. Tuber	Fch. sh.	444	Nov. 1	Frederic Degenaur		
Leen Fa	W. Collinson	Brit. bk.	238	Oct. 10	Order		
Lonia	W. Leanehorn	Brit. sh.	908	Oct. 18	Borneo Company		
Luisito	W. Cucullin	Span. bk.	230	Oct. 27	Remedios & Co		
Luita Canevaro	E. Demoro	Salv. sh.	1100	Oct. 7	Wm. Pustau & Co		
Marian	W. Page	Brit. bk.	480	Nov. 13	Stemmen & Co		
Marquis of Argyll	E. McKean	Brit. sh.	515	Oct. 29	Arnold, Karberg & Co		
Mary Mildred	W. Flory	Brit. sh.	485	Oct. 28	Douglas Laprak & Co		
Matador	W.	Amer. bk.	859	Oct. 20	Wm. Pustau & Co	Melbourne and Sydney	
Maud Helen	W. Thomas	Siam. bk.	305	Nov. 13	Chinese		
Meteor	W. Peterson	N. Ger. bk.	250	Oct. 20	A. Heard & Co	New York	Immediate
Moride	W. Valbortie	Brit. bk.	276	Oct. 28	Hogg & Co		
Mexicana	E. Jeffries	N. Ger. bk.	270	Nov. 9	E. Schellhass & Co		
Miranda	W. Karlson	Siam. sh.	647	Oct. 16	Chinese		
Moonlight	W. Jurgenson	Brit. sh.	437	Oct. 16	Chinese		
Nadesda	K. Forman	Russ. sh.	536	Oct. 12	Landstein & Co		
Navorino	W. Padon	Brit. bk.	408	Nov. 6	Landstein & Co		
Nina	E. Mesquita	Port. sh.	1099	Aug. 25	Birley & Co		
Nununu	E. Hager	Hawa. sh.	150	Oct. 31	Malchers & Co		
Ocean	E. Nuyres	Fch. bk.	528	Nov. 5	Russell & Co		
Ocean Bride	W. Milton	Brit. bk.	269	Oct. 19	Malchers & Co	Saigon	
Omba	W. Thomson	Brit. sh.	836	Oct. 5	John Burd & Co	Surinam	
Paragon	W. Wichers	Siam. sh.	735	Oct. 28	Chinese		
Paros	W. Soule	Amer. bk.	540	Oct. 30	Bornman & Co		
Princess of Wales	W. Shield	Brit. bk.	353	Nov. 13	A. Heard & Co	New York	Immediate
Princess Somowaty	W. Ponke	Brit. sh.	982	Nov. 1	Order		
Prosperity	W. Vatrath	Siam. sh.	604	Oct. 19	Chinese		
Rebecca Goddard	E. Maunson	Amer. bk.	413	Nov. 2	Arnold, Karberg & Co		
Rubicon	W. Wait	Brit. sh.	204	Oct. 31	Arnold, Karberg & Co		
Saga	W. Ros	N. Ger. bk.	501	Nov. 4	Order		
Shikhar	W. Harbers	N. Ger. bk.	1193	Nov. 11	Heard & Co	Sao Francisco	Early
Sterling	W. Hugg	Brit. bk.	187	Oct. 17	Jardine, Matheson & Co		
Sea Mistle	W. Hugg	Amer. bk.	468	Oct. 10	Olyphant & Co		
St. Croix	W. Robert	Fch. sh.	750	Sept. 24	Landstein & Co	New York	
Surprise	E. Ranslett	Amer. sh.	1005	Nov. 5	Smith, Archer & Co	Saigon	
Tales	E. Wallcott	Brit. bk.	437	Oct. 30	Arnold, Karberg & Co		
Taleo	W. Thomson	Brit. sh.	687	Nov. 1	Wm. Pustau & Co		
Tantrum	W. Hagg	Brit. bk.	310	Nov. 7	Arnold, Karberg & Co	Singapore	
Trincolo	W. Nyberg	Brit. bk.	310	Nov. 7	Arnold, Karberg & Co		
Unkel Braessig	W. Schiebner	N. Ger. bk.	273	Oct. 16	Malchers & Co		
Verona	W. Edlefen	Siam. sh.	565	Aug. 20	Order		
Veritas	W. Ingram	Brit. sh.	632	Oct. 7	Turner & Co	Surinam	
Vigil	W. Gilpen	Brit. sh.	540	Oct. 31	Order		
Villa de Rivadavia	W. Castillo	Span. bk.	261	Oct. 26	Remedios & Co		

## WHAMPOA.

Vessel's Name.	Captain.	Flag & Rig.	Tons.	Date of Arrival.	Consignees or Agents.	Destination.	Intend. Despatch.
Excelsior	Edegar	Brit. bk.	388	Nov. 11	Order		
Faithful	Hanesch	Brit. bk.	279	Nov. 2	Siamssen & Co	Ningpo	
Japan	Hoyer	N. Ger. bk.	216	Nov. 2	Arnholdt Karberg & Co		
John Lidgett	Palsen	Brit. sh.	770	October 27	Thomas & Mercer	London	Early
Kowloon				October 28			
Me Kong*	Shannon	Fohi str.	45	Sept. 13	Wm. Pustat & Co		
Shaftesbury	Atken	Russ. str.	824	October 24	Landstein & Co	Yokohama	
Shumlee	Millbank	Brit. bk.	700	October 22	Deacon & Co	London	Early
* At Canton.							